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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	AeroShell Oil 80
Product code	:	001A0073

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	Mineral lubricating oil for aircraft piston engines., For furthe details consult the AeroShell Book on www.shell.com/aviati	
Uses advised against	This product must be used, handled and applied in accordance with the requirements of the equipment manufacturer's manuals, bulletins and other documentation This product must not be used in applications other than the listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.	

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	<ul> <li>Shell UK Oil Products Limited</li> <li>Shell Centre</li> <li>London</li> <li>SE1 7NA</li> <li>United Kingdom</li> </ul>
Telephone	: (+44) 08007318888
Telefax	:
Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com
1.4 Emergency telephone numb	er

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGL	LATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
-----------------	---------------------------

Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	:	No signal word

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Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physi according to CLP criteria HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a healt criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZ Not classified as enviror according to CLP criteria	a. h hazard under CLP ZARDS: nmental hazard
Precautionary statements	Prevention: Response: Storage: Disposal:	No precautionary phrase No precautionary phrase No precautionary phrase No precautionary phrase	es. es.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

2

Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives.
		The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-
		extract, according to IP346.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Gen	eral advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Prot	ection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
lf inh	naled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.
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	If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice	
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing. Flush expo water and follow by washing with soap if av If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medica</li> </ul>	vailable.
In case of eye contact	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medica	
If swallowed	In general no treatment is necessary unles are swallowed, however, get medical advic	
4.2 Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms	<ul> <li>Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms ma of black pustules and spots on the skin of e Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting an</li> </ul>	exposed areas.
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Treatment	Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.	

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting	<ul> <li>Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.</li> </ul>
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.	Methods for cleaning up	<ul> <li>Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.</li> </ul>
--	-------------------------	---

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

General Precautions	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Advice on safe handling	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

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	Properly dispose of any contaminate materials in order to prevent fires.	ed rags or cleaning
Product Transfer	: This material has the potential to be Proper grounding and bonding proce during all bulk transfer operations.	
7.2 Conditions for safe storage	e, including any incompatibilities	
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in place. Use properly labeled and clos	
Storage temperature	: -20 - 50 °C	
	Refer to section 15 for any additiona covering the packaging and storage	
	The storage of this product may be s Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Re guidance may be obtained from the agency office.	gulations. Further
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or or steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	container linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not a temperatures because of possible ris	
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable	

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

# Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general

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For some substance	equired to confirm compliance with an OEL and adea es biological monitoring may also be appropriate. measurement methods should be applied by a compredited laboratory.	
	es of recommended exposure measurement methods r national methods may be available.	s are given below or contact
	Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Mar	nual of Analytical Methods
1 0	and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling	and Analytical Methods
	Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination	of Hazardous Substances
, ,	hutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IF	A), Germany
1 0	e Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://ww	ww.inrs.fr/accueil
8.2 Exposure controls		

# Engineering measures The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection

: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eves, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

sion 3.3	Revision Date 19.10.2016	Print Date 20.10.201
Remarks	gloves approved to relevan US: F739) made from the for suitable chemical protection gloves Suitability and durat usage, e.g. frequency and resistance of glove materia from glove suppliers. Conta replaced. Personal hygiene care. Gloves must only be gloves, hands should be wa	te product may occur the use of t standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ollowing materials may provide n. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber pility of a glove is dependent on duration of contact, chemical l, dexterity. Always seek advice iminated gloves should be e is a key element of effective hand worn on clean hands. After using ashed and dried thoroughly. ned moisturizer is recommended.
	for > 480 minutes where su short-term/splash protection recognize that suitable glow may not be available and ir time maybe acceptable so and replacement regimes a a good predictor of glove re dependent on the exact con	than 240 minutes with preference itable gloves can be identified. For n we recommend the same, but res offering this level of protection in this case a lower breakthrough long as appropriate maintenance ire followed. Glove thickness is not esistance to a chemical as it is mposition of the glove material. typically greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordina work clothes. It is good practice to wear of	arily required beyond standard chemical resistant gloves.
Respiratory protection	conditions of use. In accordance with good imprecautions should be take If engineering controls do n concentrations to a level with health, select respiratory pr specific conditions of use a Check with respiratory prote Where air-filtering respirato appropriate combination of Select a filter suitable for com-	n to avoid breathing of material. ot maintain airborne nich is adequate to protect worker otection equipment suitable for the nd meeting relevant legislation. ective equipment suppliers. rs are suitable, select an mask and filter. ombined particulate/organic gases P boiling point > 65°C (149°F)]
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product sh	ould be reduced as low as

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	reasonably practicable. Reference s Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials".	
Environmental exposu	re controls	
General advice	<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to fulfill relevant environmental protection leg contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent un- being discharged to waste water. Wa treated in a municipal or industrial wa before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for must be observed for the discharge vapour.</li> </ul>	gislation. Avoid v following advice given in dissolved material from aste water should be aste water treatment plant or volatile substances

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: amber	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
pour point	: <= -17 °CMethod: ASTM D97	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °Cestimated value(s)	
Flash point	: >= 240 °C Method: ASTM D92 (COC)	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.880 (15 °C)	

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Density	: 880 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ASTM D1298	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on sim	nilar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 140 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ASTM D445	
	14.6 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a s	static accumulator.

Decomposition temperature : Data not available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

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10.4 Conditions to avoid			
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sur	nlight.	
10.5 Incompatible materials			
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.		
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products			
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are during normal storage.	not expected to form	

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under

normal conditions of use.

Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg
		Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

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#### Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

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#### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

#### Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic:

plants (Acute toxicity)	LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
12.2 Persistence and degradability	ity	
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readi constituents are expected to be inh contains components that may per	nerently biodegradable, but
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components wi bioaccumulate.	ith the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on inform	mation on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most enviro enters soil, it will adsorb to soil par mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB as		
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be	
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	Product is a mixture of non-volatile expected to be released to air in ar Not expected to have ozone deplet photochemical ozone creation pote potential.	ny significant quantities., tion potential, ential or global warming
	Poorly soluble mixture., May cause organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause aquatic organisms at concentration	e any chronic effects to

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Waste catalogue	
	EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):
	EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):
Waste Code :	
	13 02 05*
	13 02 05*
Remarks :	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
	13 02 05 mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils. Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user.
	Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user.

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#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5 Environmental hazards	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.6 Special precautions for use	r
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
14.7 Transport in bulk according	to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Pollution category	: Not applicable
Ship type	: Not applicable
Product name	: Not applicable
Special precautions	••
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

	15.1 Safet	y, health and	l environmental	regulations/	legislation	specific fo	or the subs	stance or mixture
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REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation	: Product is not subject to
(Annex XIV)	Authorisation under REACH.

ersion 3.3	Revision Date 19.10.2016	Print Date 20.10.2016
Volatile organic compounds	: 0 % 0 %	
Other regulations	<ul> <li>Environmental Protection Act 1990 (a Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consun Pollution Prevention and Control Act 7 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriag and Use of Transportable Pressure Er Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Packaging for Supply) Regulations 20 Substances Hazardous to Health Reg amended). Merchant Shipping (Dange Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporti and Dangerous Occurrences Regulati Personal Protective Equipment Regul Protective Equipment at Work Regula Waste (England and Wales) Regulation Control of Major Accident Hazards Re amended). Renewable Transport Fue (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Envi (England and Wales) Regulations 201 (England and Wales) Regulations 201 (England and Wales) Regulations 201 (England and Wales) Regulations 201 Planning (Hazardous Substances) Ac regulations. The Environmental Protector Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulation</li> </ul>	ners Protection Act 1987. 1999. Environment Act ge of Dangerous Goods quipment (Amendment) d Information and 009. Control of gulations 2002 (as erous Goods and Marine ing of Injuries, Diseases ions 1995 (as amended). lations 2002. Personal ations 1992. Hazardous ons 2005(as amended). egulations 1999 (as el Obligations Order 2007 ironmental Permitting 10 (as amended). Waste 11 (as amended). et 1990 and associated ction (Controls on
The components of this pro-	duct are reported in the following inven	itories:
EINECS TSCA	<ul><li>All components listed or polymer exer</li><li>All components listed.</li></ul>	npt.

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

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Abbreviations and Acronyms	document car	abbreviations and acronyms used in this n be looked up in reference literature (e.g. onaries) and/or websites.
	Hygienists	erican Conference of Governmental Industrial ean Agreement concerning the International
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	Carriage of Dangerous Coode by Road		
	Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances		
	ACS – Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials		
	BEL = Biological exposure limits		
	BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene	, Xylenes	
	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service		
	CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Cou	ncil	
	CLP = Classification Packaging and Labell	ing	
	COC = Cleveland Open-Cup		
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung		
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level		
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level		
	DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List		
	EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty		
	ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxico	logy and	
	Toxicology Of Chemicals		
	ECHA = European Chemicals Agency		
	EINECS = The European Inventory of Exis	ting Commercial	
	Chemical Substances	5	
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty		
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chen	nical Substances	
	Inventory		
	EWC = European Waste Code		
	GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Cla	assification and	
	Labelling of Chemicals		
	IARC = International Agency for Research		
	IATA = International Air Transport Associat IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty	liui	
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty		
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous	Goods	
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory		
		d N° 346 for the	
		O-extractables	
		У	
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty		
	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.		
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loadin	g/Inhibitory loading	
	LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention for the	o Drovention of	
	Pollution From Ships	e Prevention of	
	NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Conce	entration / No	
	Observed Effect Level		
	OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High	Production Volume	
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and To		
	PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals		
	Substances		
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration		
	REACH = Registration Evaluation And Aut	horisation Of	
	Chemicals		
	RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of		
	Dangerous Goods by Rail		
	SKIN_DES = Skin Designation		

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	STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Contro TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioa	
Further information		
Other information	: No Exposure Scenario annex is attached to this safety data sheet. It is a non-classified mixture containing hazardous substances as detailed in Section 3; relevant information from Exposure Scenarios for the hazardous substances contained have been integrated into the core sections 1-16 of this SDS	
A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin indicates an from the previous version.		icates an amendment

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.