

LPS 2<sup>®</sup> (Aerosol)
Revision Date: 5/29/2009

Revision 7 Revision Date: 5/29/2009 Supercedes: 11/25/2008

## Section 1 - Identification

**Product Name:** LPS 2<sup>®</sup> (Aerosol)

Part Number: 00216 (aerosol), C30216 (aerosol)

Chemical Name: Petroleum Distillates

Product Use: An industrial lubricant designed to displace moisture from mechanical and electrical equipment,

provide light-duty lubrication and short-term rust prevention.

Manufacturer

LPS Laboratories, 4647 Hugh Howell Rd., Tucker, GA, USA 30084

Information:

Number:

**TEL:** 1 770-243-8800

**Emergency Telephone** 

1-800-424-9300 Chemtrec; Outside U.S.: (703) 527-3887

**FAX:** 1 770-243-8899

Website: http://www.lpslabs.com

#### PLAIN LANGUAGE HAZARD SUMMARY

Material Safety Data Sheets can be confusing. Federal and State laws require us to include a great deal of technical information that probably will not help the non-professional. LPS includes this "PLAIN LANGUAGE HAZARD SUMMARY" to address the questions and concerns of the average worker. If you have additional health, safety or product questions, do not hesitate to call us at 1-770-243-8800.

## **Worker Toxicity**

LPS 2<sup>®</sup> is an industrial chemical. It is a specialized lubricant designed to reduce friction, heat, noise, and wear between moving parts, and to loosen rusted or immovable parts and mechanisms. It contains petroleum distillates and mineral oil that can be irritating to skin. Avoid extended exposure to unprotected skin. Do not get it in your eyes (it stings), or breath the vapor (if working on hot surfaces or heated tanks). Vapors from heated LPS 2<sup>®</sup> can make you dizzy and even sick. For more exposure and first aid information, refer to MSDS Sections 2, 8 and 11.

#### **Flammability**

LPS 2<sup>®</sup> is combustible having a flash point typically above 170°F and an auto ignition temperature over 400°F. Under normal use conditions flammability is not a concern, but do not apply the product onto red-hot metal surfaces or near sparks.

### **Disposal**

If LPS 2<sup>®</sup> aerosol fails to discharge its contents and has more than one inch of fluid in the bottom of the can, it is considered a hazardous waste under U.S. EPA guidelines. See section 13 for more details.



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## Section 2 - Hazards identification

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

**Emergency Overview:** 

Aerosol: DANGER: Flammable. Contents under pressure. Harmful or Fatal if Swallowed.

Primary route(s) of entry: Skin and Eye contact. Inhalation.

**Potential Acute Health Effects:** 

Eyes: Irritating to eyes

**Skin:** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Inhalation:** Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause irritation of the respiratory tract, nausea, dizziness or

headache.

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**Ingestion:** Product has a low order of acute oral toxicity, but ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea,

vomiting, and gastrointestinal irritation. May cause injury if aspirated into lungs.

**Potential Chronic Health Effects:** 

Carcinogenic Effects: NTP: No OSHA: No ACGIH: No

Mutagenic Effects: None

Teratogenic Effects: None

#### Medical conditions aggravated by exposure:

Persons with pre-existing central nervous system (CNS) disease, neurological conditions, skin disorders, chronic respiratory diseases, or impaired liver or kidney function should avoid exposure.

#### Signs and Symptoms:

Stinging in eyes. Repeated or prolonged skin contact can cause redness, irritation, and scaling of the skin (dermatitis). Breathing of high vapor concentrations may cause headaches, stupor, irritation of throat and eyes, and kidney effects.

## Section 3 – Compositon / Information on Ingredients

Component	CASRN	Weight Percent
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	70-80%
Mineral Seal (Petroleum) Oil	64742-46-7/64742-52-5	20-30%
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	1-5 %



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### **Section 4 – First Aid Measures**

Eyes: Check for and remove contact lenses. If irritation or redness develops, flush eyes with cool, clean, low-

pressure water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to ensure complete irrigation of the eye and

eyelid tissue. Do not use eye ointment. Seek medical attention immediately.

**Skin:** Remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Clean affected area thoroughly with mild soap and water. Do

not use ointments. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

Inhalation: Immediately move victim to fresh air. If victim is not breathing, immediately begin rescue breathing. If

heart has stopped, immediately begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). If breathing is difficult, seek

medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting is about to occur, place victim's head below knees. If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on the left side with head down. Do not leave victim unattended.

Seek medical attention immediately.

**Notes to** Inhalation of high concentrations of this material, as could occur in enclosed spaces or during deliberate **Physician:** abuse, may be associated with cardiac arrhythmias. This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential

abuse, may be associated with cardiac arrhythmias. This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity (See Section 2 - Swallowing)

when deciding whether to induce vomiting.

## **Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures**

Products of Combustion: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Firefighting media: SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use CO<sub>2</sub>water spray, fog or foam. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order

to prevent pressure build-up, auto ignition or explosions.

Sensitivity to Impact: None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge: None.

**Protection Clothing (Fire):** Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Evacuate area and fight the fire from a maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.

**Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:** High heat will cause product to boil, evolving vapor that could cause explosive rupture of closed containers. Aerosols may explode upon heating, spread fire and overcome sprinkler systems.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Containment Procedures

Contain and recover spilled liquid when possible.

Clean-Up Procedures Small Spill and Leak: Absorb with an inert material and dispose of properly.

Large Spill and Leak: Secure the area and control access. Dike far ahead of a liquid

spill to ensure complete collection. Pick up free liquid for disposal using absorbent pads, sand, or other inert non-combustible absorbent materials. Place into appropriate waste

containers for later disposal.

**Evacuation Procedures** 

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Keep unnecessary and unprotected people away.

**Special Procedures** Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Wear appropriate protective equipment during

cleanup.



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# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

**Handling:** DO NOT spray into or around ignition sources. Do not allow material to come into contact with eyes or skin. Wear appropriate protective equipment during handling. Keep container closed. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Storage:** Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Avoid all sources of ignition (spark or flame). Store below 48°C (120°F).

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** *Store aerosols as Level 3 Aerosol (NFPA 30B).* Store all materials in dry, well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapors.

## Section 8 – Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

#### **Exposure Guidelines:**

Component	CASRN	OSHA TWA-PEL	OSHA STEL	ACGIH-TLV	ACGIH- STEL	NIOSH REL
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	100 ppm* 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> *	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Mineral Seal (Petroleum) Oil	64742-46-7/ 64742-52-5	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Established	5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Established	Not Established
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	5000 ppm	30000 ppm	5000 ppm	30000 ppm	5000 ppm TWA 30000 ppm STEL

<sup>\*</sup> Supplier Recommendation

Engineering measures

Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the exposure

guidelines listed above.

### Personal protective equipment

**Eye protection** Safety glasses with side shields conforming to appropriate regulations. Eye wash fountain

and emergency shower facilities are recommended.

Hand protection Normally no hand protection is required; however, if product will be sprayed for an extended

period, "overspray" onto skin may occur. If so, use chemical resistant gloves (i.e., nitrile, neoprene, buna) conforming to appropriate regulations. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time that are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

Respiratory protection

Typical use of this product under normal conditions does not require the use of respiratory protection. If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits (listed above),

use NIOSH approved respiratory protection (i.e., organic vapor cartridge).

General Hygiene Considerations

Wash throughly after handling. Have eye-wash facilities immediately available.



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Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Liquid Color: Brown

Odor/Taste: Petroleum/Cherry Vapor Pressure: < 0.05mmHg at 20 °C

Solubility Description: < 3% Evaporation Rate: <0.1(BuAc=1)

**Boiling Point:** 195°C (°F) **Flash Point:** ~79°C (175°F) dispensed liquid

Specific Gravity (Water=1): 0.82-0.86 at 20 °C Flash Point Tag-Closed Cup.

Method:

Vapor Density (air=1): 4.7 Auto Ignition >228°C (442°F)

Temperature (°C):

V.O.C. Content: 0 g/L Partition Coefficient < 1

per CARB definition (octanol/water):

Flammable limits LOWER: 0.6% Viscosity: < 7 cSt at 25°C (estimated): UPPER: 7%

pH: Not Determined Odor threshold Not Determined

Melting Point <-50°C Volatiles: 92 - 95%

**Decomposition** Not Determined **Temperature** 

## Section 10 - Chemical Stability and Reactivity

**Chemical Stability:** Product is stable under recommended storage conditions.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Keep away from heat and ignition sources.

**Incompatibility:** Reactive or incompatible with oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

### **A: General Product Information**

An acute toxicity study of this product has not been conducted. Information given in this section relates only to individual constituents contained in this preparation.

#### **B: Component Analysis**

Ingredients	CASRN	LC-50	LD-50	
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	>6.8 mg/L (Supplier Data)	>5 g/kg (Supplier Data)	
Mineral Seal (Petroleum) Oil	64742-46-7/64742-52-5	Not established	Not established	
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	Not established	Not established	



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## Section 12 - Ecological Information

**Mobility:** Semi-volatile. Readily absorbed into

soil.

Persistence and degradability:

Only slightly biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative

potential:

No bioaccumulation potential

Other adverse effects:

See below.

## **Ecotoxicology:**

Effect on Organisms	Component	CASRN	Test	Species	Results	
Acute Toxicity on Fishes	Distillates (Petroleum), Hydro treated Light	64742-47-8	96-hr LC <sub>50</sub>	Oncorhynchus mykiss	3200 ug/L	
Acute Toxicity on Daphnia						
Bacterial inhibition	No Dete Aveilable					
Growth inhibition of algae	No Data Available					
Bioaccumulation in fish						

For the 64742-47-8 component, no toxicity has been observed in water due to extremely low water solubility. If material is spilled on soil, some potential toxic effects could occur before biodegradation could remove material.

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste Status: Aerosol products, if depressurized and emptied to less than 2.5 cm of fluid contents are classified as

non-hazardous waste under 40 CFR 261.7 (U.S.). If disposed of in its received form, this item carries

waste code D003. (U.S.)

**Disposal:** Waste must be disposed of in accordance with national, regional, provincial, and local environmental

control regulations.

**Note:** Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste

management information inaccurate, incomplete, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and

local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive than federal laws and regulations.



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## Section 14 – Transportation Information

### <u>Aerosol</u>

	Shipping Name:	Consumer Commodity	UN Number:	NA
D.O.T. Ground	Hazard Class:	ORM-D	Technical Name:	NA
Subclass: NA		Hazard Label:	ORM-D Already on box	
	UN no:	1950	ADR Class:	2
Road/Rail -	Packing group:	NA	Classification code:	5F
ADR/RID	Name and Description:	Aerosols, Flammable	Hazard ID no:	NA
	Labeling:	2.1		
	UN no:	1950	Class:	2.1
IMDG-IMO	Shipping Name:	Aerosols	Subsidiary Risk:	2.1
	Packing Instructions:	P003, LP02	Packing group:	NA
	Marine pollutant:	NO	EmS:	F-D, S-U
	UN no:	1950	Class:	2.1
IATA-ICAO	Shipping Name:	Aerosols, Flammable	Subclass	NA
	Packing instructions:	203, Y203 (Ltd. Qty.)	Packing group:	NA
	Labeling:	Flammable Gas		

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

**U.S. Federal Regulations** 

RCRA Hazardous Waste No.: D003 (aerosols only)

Comprehensive Environmental Response and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA): None

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):** 

All components of this product are TSCA inventory listed and/or are exempt.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Categories:

Sudden Release of Pressure, Fire Hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372): No individual section 313 component is present at or above 1%

Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): None



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### **State Regulations**

## **New Jersey RTK:**

**Aerosol:** Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light 64742-47-8 ● Mineral Seal (Petroleum) Oil 64742-46-7/64742-52-5 ● Proprietary NJTSRN 800959-5152P ● Proprietary NJTSRN 800959-5153P ● Carbon Dioxide 124-38-9

**California:** This product does <u>not</u> contain chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm.

California and OTC States: This product conforms to consumer regulations.

#### International Regulations

**Canadian Environmental Protection Act:** All of the components of this product are included on the Canadian Domestic Substances list (DSL).

#### **Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS):**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

WHMIS Classification: Aerosol Class A, Class B5, Class D2B







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#### Other Regulations

Montreal Protocol listed ingredients: None. Stockholm Convention listed ingredients: None. Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients: None. RoHS Compliant: Yes.

#### Section 16 • Other Information

	HMIS 1996		HMIS III		NFPA	
MSDS# 10216 Responsible Name:	Health:	1	Health:	[/]1	Flammability	
Clea Johnson Regulatory Affairs Coordinator	Flammability:	2	Flammability:	4	Health 1 0 Reactivity	
	Reactivity	0	Physical Hazard: aerosol	2		

#### Notice to Reader:

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Clea Johnson, Regulatory Affairs Coordinator LPS Laboratories, A division of Illinois Tool Works